For each given piece of information below, calculate the pH and pOH. Use the space below the question for your work. (Each is from a water solution at 25 °C.)

pH and pOH Calculations

1. $[H_30^+] = 0.01 \text{ M}$

2.
$$[OH^{-}] = 0.00020 \text{ M}$$

pH = -log (0.01 M)

$$pH = -(-2)$$

$$pH = 2$$

$$pH + pOH = 14$$

$$2 + pOH = 14$$

$$pOH = 12$$

pOH = -log(0.00020 M)

$$pOH = -(-3.70)$$

$$pOH = 3.70$$

$$pH + pOH = 14$$

$$pH + 3.70 = 14$$

$$pH = 10.3$$

3. $[H_30^+] = 5.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$

a.
$$pH = 6.3$$

b.
$$pOH = 7.7$$

4. $[OH^{-}] = 0.010 \text{ M}$

 $pH = -log (5.0 \times 10^{-7} M)$

$$pH = -(-6.3)$$

$$pH = 6.3$$

$$pH + pOH = 14$$

$$6.3 + pOH = 14$$

$$pOH = 7.7$$

pOH = -log(0.010 M)

$$pOH = -(-2)$$

$$pOH = 2$$

$$pH + pOH = 14$$

$$pH + 2 = 14$$

$$pH = 12$$

5. Describe in your own words what happens on the molecular level when a strong acid is added to water (that already has a small amount of hydronium and hydroxide ions in it).

When a strong acid is added to water, the protons from the strong acid do several things:

1. They react with the few hydroxide ions to form water.

2. They react with water to form more hydronium ions.

The result will be very few hydroxide ions and a lot of hydronium ions, lowering the pH.